

All efficacy claims are based on scientific *in vivo* trials with statistical significance on



---- INTRODUCTION ----

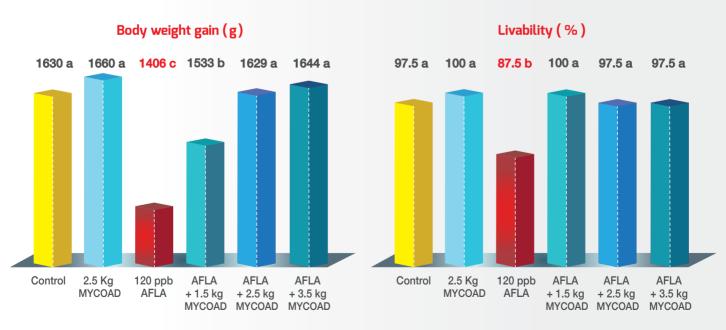
Ducks are considered one of the most susceptible avian species to aflatoxin (AFLA) toxicity. Scientific reports describe several clinical signs and lesions, as well as diminished performance after ingestion of contaminated rations for different periods of time. Some of the symptoms described include high and rapid mortality in young birds, loss of appetite, retarded growth, hemorrhage in the web-toe, and nervous symptoms such as ataxia and opisthotonus (crooked neck). The main lesions reported are enlarged, fatty, pale, yellowish, friable, cirrhotic, hemorrhagic, and/or jaundice livers. Also, atrophy of the main organs of the immune system (Bursa of Fabricious, thymus), petechial hemorrhages in muscles, malabsorption syndrome and steatorrhea (fat in feces) has been described.

An experiment was conducted to evaluate the efficacy of different levels of **MYCOAD** in ameliorating the deleterious effects produced by the ingestion of natural AFLA and to demonstrate the innocuity of **MYCOAD** when added to a diet.

--- PROTOCOL ----

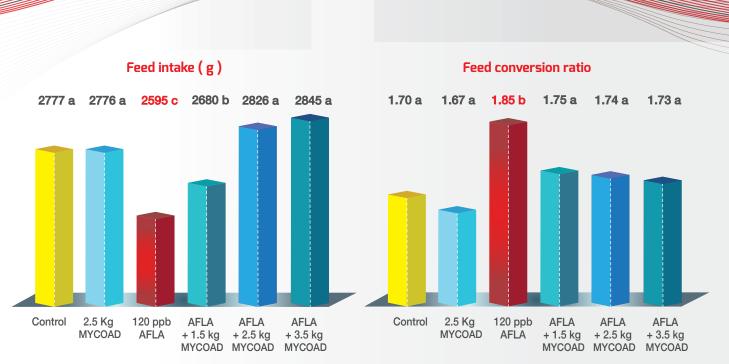
The experiment was conducted at Khon Kaen University's Poultry Research Farm in Thailand. Before the start of the trial all the ingredients used to prepare the rations were analyzed for detection of AFLA. Corn naturally contaminated with AFLA was mixed with aflatoxin-free corn until the intended concentration of AFLA was present in the test diets. One-day-old meat-type ducks (Cherry Valley) were randomly distributed into 6 dietary treatments with 2 replications (pen) of 20 birds each. All birds were housed in concrete-floored pens under continuous lighting throughout the 4-week duration of the experiment and they had *ad libitum* access to feed and water. At the end of the trial, performance was evaluated and all ducks were euthanized for further evaluations.

---- PERFORMANCE ----



Effect of MYCOAD and aflatoxin in 4 week-old ducks

a, b, c, Means without a common letter differ significantly (P<0.05)



a, b, c, Means without a common letter differ significantly (P<0.05)



--- ORGANS ----

Effect of MYCOAD and aflatoxin on the relative weight of different organs of 4 week-old ducks

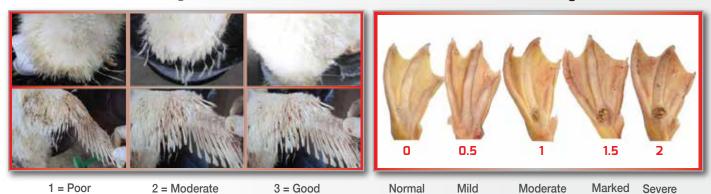
Treatment	Heart % BW	Pancreas % BW	Kidneys % BW	Spleen % BW
Control	0.57 a	0.39 a	0.90 a	1.11 a
Control + 2.5 kg MYCOAD	0.57 a	0.38 a	0.89 a	1.10 a
120 ppb AFLA	0.71 b	0.49 b	1.52 b	1.21 b
120 ppb AFLA + 1.5 kg MYCOAD	0.63 ab	0.44 ab	1.10 ab	1.13 a
120 ppb AFLA + 2.5 kg MYCOAD	0.59 a	0.42 ab	0.96 ab	1.12 a
120 ppb AFLA + 3.5 kg MYCOAD	0.58 a	0.41 ab	0.92 ab	1.12 a

a, b Means within a column without a common letter differ significantly (P<0.05)

---- CHRONIC TOXICITY ----

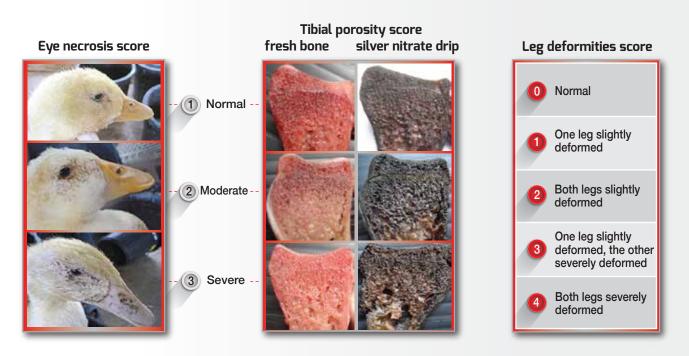
Feather growth score

Web-toe hemorrhage score



Treatment	Feather growth	Web-toe hemorrhage	Eye necrosis	Tibial bone porosity	Leg deformities
Control	2.71 a	0.07 a	1.03 ab	1.08 b	0.49 a
Control + 2.5 kg MYCOAD	2.74 a	0.06 a	1.01 a	1.03 a	0.45 a
120 ppb AFLA	1.69 d	0.50 d	1.85 d	1.70 e	1.81 c
120 ppb AFLA + 1.5 kg MYCOAD	2.43 c	0.25 c	1.43 c	1.25 d	0.70 b
120 ppb AFLA + 2.5 kg MYCOAD	2.52 bc	0.17 b	1.17 b	1.17 c	0.61 ab
120 ppb AFLA + 3.5 kg MYCOAD	2.63 ab	0.15 b	1.10 b	1.14 c	0.56 ab

a, b, c, d, e Means within a column without a common letter differ significantly (P<0.05)



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----LIVER TOXICITY ----

Treatment	Liver % body weight	Liver paleness score	Liver % fat content
Control	2.31 a	1.10 a	16.0 a
Control + 2.5 kg MYCOAD	2.26 a	1.09 a	15.8 a
120 ppb AFLA	2.85 c	1.87 d	22.4 c
120 ppb AFLA + 1.5 kg MYCOAD	2.60 ab	1.36 c	17.6 b
120 ppb AFLA + 2.5 kg MYCOAD	2.43 a	1.29 bc	16.8 ab
120 ppb AFLA + 3.5 kg MYCOAD	2.40 a	1.19 ab	16.5 a

Effect of MYCOAD and aflatoxin in the liver of 4 week-old ducks



NormalModerateSevere

a, b, c, d Means within a column without a common letter differ significantly (P<0.05)

--- INNOCUITY ----

Ducks receiving the control diet with the addition of 2.5 kg of **MYCOAD** demonstrated no interference with nutrient absorption.

- A significant reduction in bone porosity, demonstrating improvement of bone structure when using MYCOAD.
- A consistent 2% improvement in performance and livability when using MYCOAD.
- Relative organ weights or characteristics showed no significant differences when using MYCOAD.

--- CONCLUSIONS ----

Feeding a diet naturally contaminated with 120 ppb AFLA to ducklings for the first 4 weeks of life significantly affected performance, liver characteristics, relative organ weights, and increased mortality. Significant damages were detected in feathers, web-toe, eyes, legs and bones.

- 1.5 kg/mt of **MYCOAD** significantly improved performance, reduced mortality, and prevented the damages caused by AFLA in the organs evaluated.
- 2.5 kg/mt of MYCOAD completely recovered performance and fully protected the organs from AFLA.
- 3.5 kg/mt of MYCOAD offered no further protection.

MYCOAD at 2.5 kg/mt was effective in preventing the toxic effects of aflatoxin in ducklings, and when fed alone, not only did it not affect the organs size, but even improved performance and bone structure.

Reference: Wongtangtintharn, Sawitree; Bundit Tengjaroenku; Jowaman Khajarern, and Douglas Zaviezo. Efficacy of an anti-mycotoxin additive in preventing the toxicity of aflatoxin in ducks. XXV World's Poultry Congress. September 2016. Beijing, China (to be published).

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Does your anti-mycotoxin additive meet the basic TOP and FACTS?

Target <i>Corgan</i> Protection					
Mycotoxin	Organ	MYCOAD	MYCOAD AZ		
Aflatoxin	Liver	YES	NO		
Ochratoxin	Kidney	YES	NO		
T-2 Toxin	Oral lesion	YES	YES		
Fumonisin	Heart / Lung / Liver	YES	YES*		
Zearalenone	Reproductive	N/A	YES		
DON	Liver	N/A	YES		
Facts		MYCOAD	MYCOAD AZ		
<i>In vivo</i> dosage	In vivo dosage with TOP results		1 kg / MT		
Recommended commercial dosage		2.5 kg / MT	1 kg / MT		
The clay is always obtained from the same mine		YES	YES		
Approved in Texas ,	USA , against Aflatoxin	YES	N/A		
Approved in the European Union against Aflatoxin. Regulation #1831 / 2003 (1m 588)		YES	N/A		
ENDOTOXIN adsorption		N/A	YES		
Efficacy approved by LAMIC and other institutions against the following number of mycotoxins		4	4		
Efficacy approved by LAMIC and other institutions in different types of animals		6	5		
Nutrient absorption		NO	NO		
In vitro efficacy test every:		100 MT	18 MT		

* Test performed with 4 Kg / MT with 30,000 ppb of fumonisin N/A= not applicable

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Mycoad = Cobind, Toxfree Standard Mycoad AZ = Cobind AZ, Toxfree

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